## HERAMB COACHING CLASSES

FYBCOM/ MATHS
Marks: 100
Duration: 3Hrs
Date: 29/03/17
Q.NO. 1 ATTEMPT ANY THREE
(i) Miss. Shobhana wants to invest a sum of Rs. 4000 in each option. In option A sheinvests for a period of 3 years at the rate of simple interest $5 \%$ per annum. If she wants the same interest in option B which is calculated at $6 \%$ simple interest how long he has to invest in this option
(ii) The difference between simple interest and compound interest compounded annually at the rate of $7 \%$ for 3 years is Rs. 45.12 only. Find the sum
(iii) Sangeeta buys washing machine worth Rs. 28,000 on instalment. She pays Rs. 8,000 at the time of purchase and balance in 4 equal annual instalments with $13 \%$ p.a. compound interest. Find the annual instalment
(iv) A person wants to borrow a loan of Rs. 10,00,000 for purchase of a farm house. Bank A offers at a rate of $6 \%$ a flat interest rate, while Bank B offers at a rate of $10 \%$ on monthly reducing balance for the same period of four years. Which bank the person should opt for?
Q.NO. 2 ATTEMPT ANY THREE
(i) If $(x)=x^{2}-5 x+7$, then find $f(2)$ and $f(-3)$ and $f(\sqrt{2)}$
(ii) diff. the following(a) $y=x^{3} e^{x}+3 x \cdot \log x$ (b) $y=\frac{4 e^{x}+\log x}{\left(10^{x}+\sqrt{x}\right)}$
(iii) A manufacturer can sell $x$ items at a price of ` \((330-x)\) each. The cost of producing \(x\) items is \({ }^{`}\left(x^{2}+\right.\) $10 x+12$ ). Find the number of items to be sold so that the manufacturer can make maximum profit.
(iv) A firm produces an output of $x$ units at a total cost $c=x 3-4 x^{2}+7 x$. Find the output at which the average cost is minimum

## Q.NO. 3 ATTEMPT ANY TWO

(i) Calculate the correlation coefficient for the following data:

| x | 12 | 9 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 7 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| y | 14 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 3 |

(ii) From the following data, calculate coefficient of correlation:

No. of pairs of observations $=12$.
Sum of $x$ values $=35$.
Sum of $y$ values $=60$.
Sum of squares of $x$ values $=148$.
Sum of squares of $y$ values $=450$.
Sum of products of x and $\mathrm{y}=105$.
(iii) From the following data calculate coefficient of rank correlation :-

| x | $:$ | 63 | 70 | 45 | 59 | 75 | 59 | 35 | 70 | 59 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| y | $:$ | 57 | 63 | 40 | 53 | 55 | 76 | 43 | 63 | 65 |
| 45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(i) From the following bivariate data of X and Y , obtain the regression line of y on x and find the most probable value of $Y$ when $X=25$.

$$
\begin{array}{rlllllllll}
\mathrm{X} & = & 10 & 15 & 14 & 20 & 30 & 22 & 20 & 28 \\
\mathrm{Y} & = & 60 & 80 & 75 & 65 & 90 & 65 & 70 & 85 .
\end{array}
$$

(ii) For a certain bivariate of $X$ and $Y$, mean value of $x$ is 50 and that of $Y$ is 110 . Variance of $X$ is 64 while variance of $Y$ is 121. Coefficient of correlation $r=-0.3$. Estimate the most probable value of:-
i) $Y$ when $X=38$
ii) X when $\mathrm{Y}=100$
(iii) For a bivariate data, the regression line of y on x is $5 \mathrm{x}-6 \mathrm{y}+90=0$ and the regression line of x on y is $15 x-8 y+80=0$. Find the coefficient of correlation between $x$ and $y$.

## Q.NO. 5 ATTEMPT ANY TWO

(i) The following data gives the annual sugar production of a sugar factory:
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Year } & 1980 & 1981 & 1982 & 1983 & 1984\end{array}$
Production (in tones) 1,250 1,400 1,650 1,900 2,300
Compute the trend line by method of least squares, and estimate the annual sugar production for 1985
(ii) Fit a straight line trend by using the least square method of the following data:

| Year | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Output | 100 | 115 | 118 | 120 | 130 |

(iii) Calculate 5 yearly moving average for the following time series:
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { Year } & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9\end{array}$
Annual Figure $\begin{array}{llllllllll}78 & 67 & 107 & 142 & 152 & 155 & 160 & 177 & 155\end{array}$

## Q.NO. 6 ATTEMPT ANY TWO

$\begin{array}{cccccc}\text { (i) } \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { Commodity : } \\ \text { Price in 1970 }\end{array}: & \text { A } & \text { B } & \text { C } & \text { D } \\ \text { Price in } 1972: & 3 & 5 & 7.5 & 10 \\ & 7 & 15 & 12\end{array}$
Find simple aggregative index number \&unweighted average of price relative
(ii) Calculate Laspeyere's, Paaschye's, Fisher's, Marshall Edge Worth's and DorbishBowley's Index Number for the year 1992.

Commodities : Rice Wheat Jowar Pulses
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Price in } 1990 & : & 9 & 8 & 5 & 18\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Price in } 1992 & : & 12 & 10 & 6.5 & 22.5\end{array}$
Quantity in 1990 : $35 \quad 20 \quad 5$
Quantity in $1992 \quad: \quad 40 \quad 25 \quad 8$
(iii) Calculate the index number using weighted average of price relative method.

| Commodity | $:$ | $A$ | $B$ | $C$ | $D$ | E |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Base Year Price | $:$ | 2 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 5 |
| Current Year Price | $:$ | 7 | 6 | 12 | 5 | 2 |
| Weights | $:$ | 4 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 1 |

## Q.NO. 7 ATTEMPT ANY TWO

(i) An ordinary coin tossed 4 times. Find the prob. Of getting(a)no heads (b)exactly one head (c) exactly three tails (d)two or more heads
(ii) The prob. that a student is not a swimmer is $1 / 5$. Out of 5 student considered, find the prob. that (a)4 are swimmer (b)at least 4 are swimmer
(iii) Find mean and variance for(a) $n=12$ and $p=1 / 3(b) n=10$ and $p=2 / 5(c) n=100$ and $p=0.1$

